#### **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

#### LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended): An optically active 4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperazine

a2

compound of formula (1'):

wherein X denotes a chlorine atom, a C1-C3 alkyl group or a C1-C3 alkoxy group and \* designate designates an asymmetric carbon atom.

2. (currently amended): A composition comprising an optical isomer of formula(1"):

wherein X denotes a chlorine atom, a C1-C3 alkyl group or a C1-C3 alkoxy group and \*

designate designates an asymmetric carbon atom, and an enantiomer thereof, in an optional ratio wherein one optical isomer is present in excess to the enantiomer thereof.

3. (original): A 4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperazine compound of formula (1):



wherein X denotes a chlorine atom, a C1-C3 alkyl group or a C1-C3 alkoxy group.

4. (currently amended): An optical isomer of formula (1"):

wherein X denotes a chlorine atom, a C1-C3 alkyl group or a C1-C3 alkoxy group and \* designate designates an asymmetric carbon atom, or salts thereof.

5. (withdrawn): An adduct salt of formula (3):

wherein X denotes a chlorine atom, a C1- C3 alkyl group or a Cl-C3 alkoxy group and \* designate an asymmetric carbon atom, n represents an integer of 1 or 2, and Z represents an optically active acid of formula (2):

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^2 \\
\downarrow \\
R^1 \longrightarrow C \longrightarrow L \qquad (2) \\
\downarrow \\
R^3
\end{array}$$

wherein L represents -COOH or -SO<sub>3</sub>H,

R<sup>2</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or a hydroxyl group,

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are the same or different and each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an arylcarbonyloxy group,

a linear or branched alkyl group which may be substituted with at least one group selected from a hydroxyl group, a halogen atom, an arylcarbonyloxy group, a carboxy group and an arylaminocarbonyl group;

an aryl group which may be substituted with at least one group selected from a halogen atom, an alkyl group and an alkoxy group;

an aralkyl group which may be substituted with at least one group selected from a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group and a hydroxyl group;

an aryloxy group which may be substituted with at least one group selected from a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group and a hydroxyl group;

a cyclic alkyloxy group which may be substituted with at least one group selected from a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group and a hydroxyl group; or

a cyclic alkyl group which may be substituted with at least one group selected from a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, a hydroxyl group and a phenylcarbonylamino group; or

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> may be bonded together to form

an alkylene group which may be substituted with at least one group selected from a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, a carboxyl group, an oxo group, a hydroxyl group, and a phenylcarbonylamino group, or

a heterocycle which may be substituted with at least one group selected rom an alkyl group, alkoxy or a halogen atom.

- 6. (withdrawn): An adduct salt according to claim 5, wherein the acid of formula (2) is optically active O,O'-dibenzoyltartaric acid.
- 7. (withdrawn): An adduct salt according to any one of claims 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6, wherein X represents a chlorine atom at 4-position of the phenyl group.
- 8. (withdrawn): A process for producing a 4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperazine compound of formula (1):

az

wherein X denotes a chlorine atom, a C1-C3 alkyl group or a C1-C3 alkoxy group, which comprises reacting 1-[(substituted phenyl) phenylmethyl]piperazine of formula (4):

wherein X has the same meaning as defined above, with di-tert-butyl dicarbonate of formula (5):

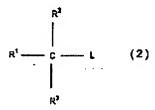
$$[(CH3)3COCO]2O (5)$$

9. (withdrawn): A process for producing an optically active adduct salt of formula (3):

wherein X denotes a chlorine atom, a Cl-C3 alkyl group or a Cl-C3 alkoxy group, \* represents an asymmetric carbon atom, and n represents an integer of 1 or 2, and

Z represents an optically active acid of formula (2):





wherein L represents -- COOH or -- SO<sub>3</sub>H,

R<sup>2</sup> represents a hydrogen atom or a hydroxyl group;

 $R^{1}$  and  $R^{3}$  are the same or different and independently represent

a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, or an arylcarbonyloxy group;

a linear or branched alkyl group which may be substituted with at least one group selected from a hydroxyl group, a halogen atom, an arylcarbonyloxy group, a carboxy group and an arylaminocarbonyl group;

an aryl group which may be substituted with at least one group selected from a halogen atom, an alkyl group and an alkoxy group;

an aralkyl group which may be substituted with at least one group selected from a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group and a hydroxyl group;

an aryloxy group which may be substituted with at least one group selected from a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group and a hydroxyl group;

a cyclic alkyloxy group which may be substituted with at least one group selected from a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group and a hydroxyl group; or

a cyclic alkyl group which may be substituted with at least one group selected from a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group a hydroxyl group and a phenylcarbonylamino group; or

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> may be bonded together to form

an alkylene group which may be substituted with at least one group selected from a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, a carboxyl group, an oxo group, a hydroxyl group, and a phenylcarbonylamino group, or

a heterocycle which may be substituted with at least one group selected rom an alkyl group, an alkoxy group and a halogen atom,

which comprises reacting a composition comprising an optical isomer of 4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperazine compound of formula (1"):

wherein X and \* designate the same as defined above, and an enantiomer thereof, with an optically active acid of formula (2) as defined above.

10. (withdrawn): A process according to claim 9, which further comprises recrystallizing the acid adduct salt of the optically active 4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperazine of formula (3).

9

- 11. (withdrawn): A process according to claim 9 or 10, which further comprises reacting an adduct salt of formula (3), with a base to produce an optically active 4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperazine of formula (1').
  - 12. (withdrawn): A process for producing an adduct salt of formula (6):



wherein X denotes a chlorine atom, a C1-C3 alkyl group or a C1-C3 alkoxy group, \* represents an asymmetric carbon atom, and n represents an integer of 1 or2,

Y represents a halogen atom, --OSO3H, --OSO2CH3, --OCOCF3, --OCOCH3 and --QCOH, which comprises reacting an optically active 4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperazine of formula (1'):

wherein X and \* designate the same as defined above, with an acid of formula: HY, wherein Y represents the same as defined above.

13. (currently amended): A process for producing an optically active l-[(substituted phenyl)phenylmethyl]piperazine of formula (7):

$$a^2$$

wherein X-and \* each have the same meaning as defined above denotes a chlorine atom, a C1-C3 alkyl group or a C1-C3 alkoxy group, and \* represents an asymmetric carbon atom, which process comprises reacting an optically active 4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperazine compound of formula (1'):

wherein X denotes a chlorine atorn, a Cl-C3 alkyl group or a Cl-C3 alkoxy group, and \* represents an asymmetric carbon atom, with an acid and subsequently with a base.